Package 'pysparklyr'

May 19, 2025
Title Provides a 'PySpark' Back-End for the 'sparklyr' Package
Version 0.1.8
Description It enables 'sparklyr' to integrate with 'Spark Connect', and 'Databricks Connect' by providing a wrapper over the 'PySpark' 'python' library.
License MIT + file LICENSE
Encoding UTF-8
RoxygenNote 7.3.2
Imports arrow, cli, DBI, dplyr, dbplyr, glue, purrr, reticulate (>= 1.41.0.1), methods, rlang, sparklyr (>= 1.9.0), tidyselect, fs, magrittr, tidyr, vctrs, processx, httr2, rstudioapi, rsconnect
<pre>URL https://github.com/mlverse/pysparklyr</pre>
<pre>BugReports https://github.com/mlverse/pysparklyr/issues</pre>
Suggests crayon, R6, testthat (>= 3.0.0), tibble, withr
Config/testthat/edition 3
NeedsCompilation no
Author Edgar Ruiz [aut, cre], Posit Software, PBC [cph, fnd]
Maintainer Edgar Ruiz <edgar@posit.co></edgar@posit.co>
Repository CRAN
Date/Publication 2025-05-19 20:50:02 UTC
Contents
deploy_databricks installed_components install_pyspark ml_prepare_dataset pyspark_config requirements_write

2 deploy_databricks

Index 9

deploy_databricks

Deploys Databricks backed content to publishing server

Description

This is a convenience function that is meant to make it easier for you to publish your Databricks backed content to a publishing server. It is meant to be primarily used with Posit Connect.

Usage

```
deploy_databricks(
   appDir = NULL,
   python = NULL,
   account = NULL,
   server = NULL,
   lint = FALSE,
   forceGeneratePythonEnvironment = TRUE,
   version = NULL,
   cluster_id = NULL,
   host = NULL,
   token = NULL,
   confirm = interactive(),
   ...
)
```

Arguments

appDir

A directory containing an application (e.g. a Shiny app or plumber API) Defaults to NULL. If left NULL, and if called within RStudio, it will attempt to use the folder of the currently opened document within the IDE. If there are no opened documents, or not working in the RStudio IDE, then it will use getwd() as the default value.

python

Full path to a python binary for use by reticulate. It defaults to NULL. If left NULL, this function will attempt to find a viable local Python environment to replicate using the following hierarchy:

- 1. version Cluster's DBR version
- 2. cluster_id Query the cluster to obtain its DBR version
- 3. If one is loaded in the current R session, it will verify that the Python environment is suited to be used as the one to use

account

The name of the account to use to publish

server

The name of the target server to publish

lint

Lint the project before initiating the project? Default to FALSE. It has been causing issues for this type of content.

installed_components 3

force Generate Python Environment

If an existing requirements.txt file is found, it will be overwritten when this

argument is TRUE.

version The Databricks Runtime (DBR) version. Use if python is NULL.

cluster_id The Databricks cluster ID. Use if python, and version are NULL

host The Databricks host URL. Defaults to NULL. If left NULL, it will use the envi-

ronment variable DATABRICKS_HOST

token The Databricks authentication token. Defaults to NULL. If left NULL, it will

use the environment variable DATABRICKS_TOKEN

confirm Should the user be prompted to confirm that the correct information is being

used for deployment? Defaults to interactive()

... Additional named arguments passed to rsconnect::deployApp() function

Value

No value is returned to R. Only output to the console.

Description

Lists installed Python libraries

Usage

```
installed_components(list_all = FALSE)
```

Arguments

list_all Flag that indicates to display all of the installed packages or only the top two,

namely, pyspark and databricks.connect

Value

Returns no value, only sends information to the console. The information includes the current versions of 'sparklyr', and 'pysparklyr', as well as the 'Python' environment currently loaded.

4 install_pyspark

install_pyspark

Installs PySpark and Python dependencies

Description

Installs PySpark and Python dependencies
Installs Databricks Connect and Python dependencies

Usage

```
install_pyspark(
 version = NULL,
 envname = NULL,
 python_version = NULL,
  new_env = TRUE,
 method = c("auto", "virtualenv", "conda"),
 as_job = TRUE,
  install_ml = FALSE,
)
install_databricks(
  version = NULL,
 cluster_id = NULL,
  envname = NULL,
 python_version = NULL,
  new_env = TRUE,
 method = c("auto", "virtualenv", "conda"),
 as_job = TRUE,
 install_ml = FALSE,
)
```

Arguments

version Version of 'databricks.conne	ct' to install. Defaults to NULL. If NULL, it will check
--------------------------------------	--

against PyPi to get the current library version.

envname The name of the Python Environment to use to install the Python libraries. De-

faults to NULL. If NULL, a name will automatically be assigned based on the

version that will be installed

python_version The minimum required version of Python to use to create the Python environ-

ment. Defaults to NULL. If NULL, it will check against PyPi to get the minimum

required Python version.

new_env If TRUE, any existing Python virtual environment and/or Conda environment

specified by envname is deleted first.

ml_prepare_dataset 5

method	The installation method to use. If creating a new environment, "auto" (the default) is equivalent to "virtualenv". Otherwise "auto" infers the installation method based on the type of Python environment specified by envname.
as_job	Runs the installation if using this function within the RStudio IDE.
install_ml	Installs ML related Python libraries. Defaults to TRUE. This is mainly for machines with limited storage to avoid installing the rather large 'torch' library if the ML features are not going to be used. This will apply to any environment backed by 'Spark' version 3.5 or above.
	Passed on to reticulate::py_install()
cluster_id	Target of the cluster ID that will be used with. If provided, this value will be used to extract the cluster's version

Value

It returns no value to the R session. This function purpose is to create the 'Python' environment, and install the appropriate set of 'Python' libraries inside the new environment. During runtime, this function will send messages to the console describing the steps that the function is taking. For example, it will let the user know if it is getting the latest version of the Python library from 'PyPi.org', and the result of such query.

ml_prepare_dataset

Creates the 'label' and 'features' columns

Description

Creates the 'label' and 'features' columns

Usage

```
ml_prepare_dataset(
    x,
    formula = NULL,
    label = NULL,
    features = NULL,
    label_col = "label",
    features_col = "features",
    keep_original = TRUE,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

```
x A tbl_pyspark object

formula Used when x is a tbl_spark. R formula.

label The name of the label column.
```

6 pyspark_config

The name(s) of the feature columns as a character vector.

Label_col Label column name, as a length-one character vector.

Features_col Features column name, as a length-one character vector.

keep_original Boolean flag that indicates if the output will contain, or not, the original columns from x. Defaults to TRUE.

Added for backwards compatibility. Not in use today.

Details

At this time, 'Spark ML Connect', does not include a Vector Assembler transformer. The main thing that this function does, is create a 'Pyspark' array column. Pipelines require a 'label' and 'features' columns. Even though it is is single column in the dataset, the 'features' column will contain all of the predictors insde an array. This function also creates a new 'label' column that copies the outcome variable. This makes it a lot easier to remove the 'label', and 'outcome' columns.

Value

A tbl_pyspark, with either the original columns from x, plus the 'label' and 'features' column, or, the 'label' and 'features' columns only.

pyspark_config Read Spark configuration

Description

Read Spark configuration

Usage

pyspark_config()

Value

A list object with the initial configuration that will be used for the Connect session.

requirements_write 7

requirements_write	Writes the 'requirements.txt' file, containing the needed Python libraries

Description

This is a helper function that it is meant to be used for deployments of the document or application. By default, deploy_databricks() will run this function the first time you use that function to deploy content to Posit Connect.

Usage

```
requirements_write(
  envname = NULL,
  destfile = "requirements.txt",
  overwrite = FALSE,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

envname	The name of, or path to, a Python virtual environment.
destfile	Target path for the requirements file. Defaults to 'requirements.txt'.
overwrite	Replace the contents of the file if it already exists?
	Additional arguments passed to reticulate::py_list_packages()

Value

No value is returned to R. The output is a text file with the list of Python libraries.

```
spark_connect_service_start

Starts and stops Spark Connect locally
```

Description

Starts and stops Spark Connect locally

Usage

```
spark_connect_service_start(
  version = "3.5",
  scala_version = "2.12",
  include_args = TRUE,
   ...
)
spark_connect_service_stop(version = "3.5", ...)
```

Arguments

version Spark version to use (3.4 or above)

include_args Flag that indicates whether to add the additional arguments to the command that

starts the service. At this time, only the 'packages' argument is submitted.

... Optional arguments; currently unused

Value

It returns messages to the console with the status of starting, and stopping the local Spark Connect service.

Index